

DE-RISKING THE FUTURE OF EUROPE

REFORMING THE MACROFINANCIAL ARCHITECTURE

The Euro Area Road to Sovereign Debt Restructuring

Aitor Erce – EIB & ADEMU

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#deriskingEU > #deepeningEMU

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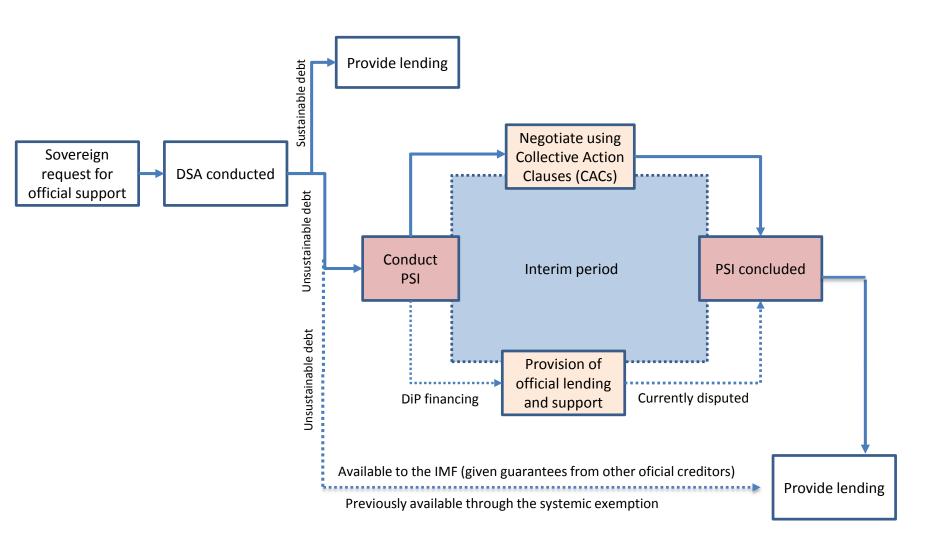




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The Euro Area Road to Sovereign Debt Restructuring















Status-quo seen as inadequate

Greek holdouts would have not been avoided by **two-limb CACs** (Fang et al. 2019)

Using the local-law advantage (greek retrofitting) may lead to long-term reputational costs (Buccheit, 2019)

Agreement to:

- Enhance CACs with single-limb voting procedure
- EC/ECB/ESM cooperation (in DSA & program design

Do we need other policies to ease restructuring and limit official loans when sustainability is at stake?













Do we have what we need? An outline to my talk

- Take a step forward and consider the proposed mechanism for achieving debt relief – enhanced CACs
 - Equitable burden-sharing?
 - Watch GE effects?
- 2. Take a step back and look at the framework leading to the decision to restructure sovereign debt
 - Who and how defines debt to be sustainable? (DSA)
 - What weight for PSI on the policy mix?





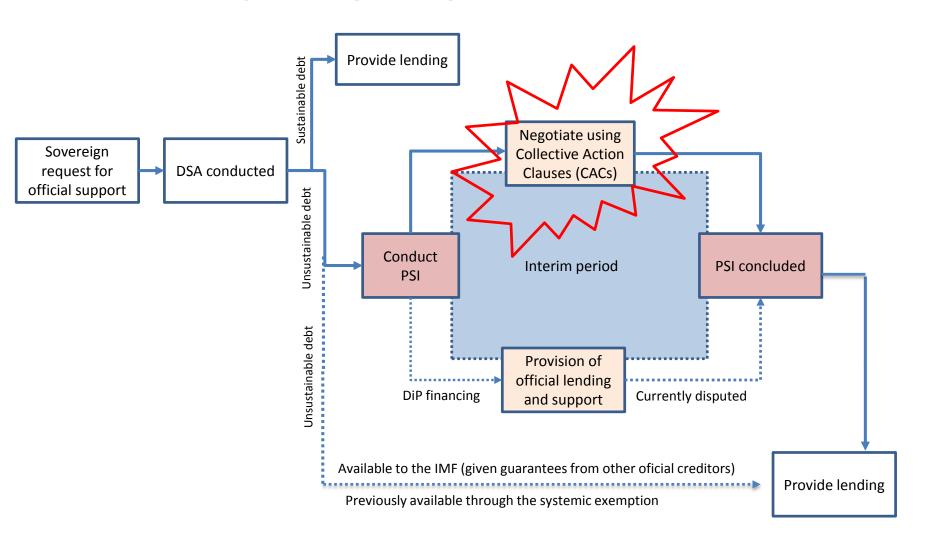








Restructuring through single-limb CACs















Restructuring through/single-limb CACs

Are single-lib CACs enough?

What role of non-CAC liabilities?

Ex-ante: + Non-negligible role

+ Fair burden-sharing via CAC-like clauses in loans (Scheinder 2018)

Ex-post: + CAC bond easier to restructure

+ Seniority drives borrowing towards no-CAC claims (Bolton & Jeanne 2010)





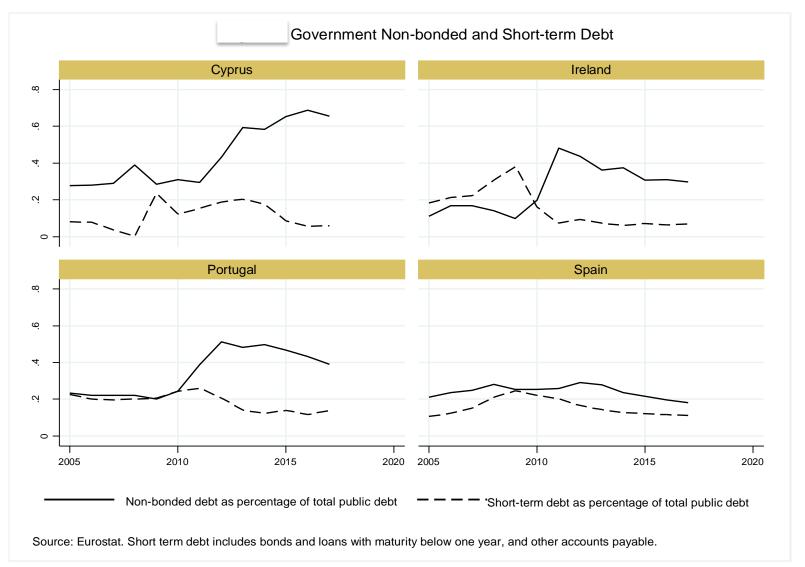








Claims other than long-term bonds aren't negligible







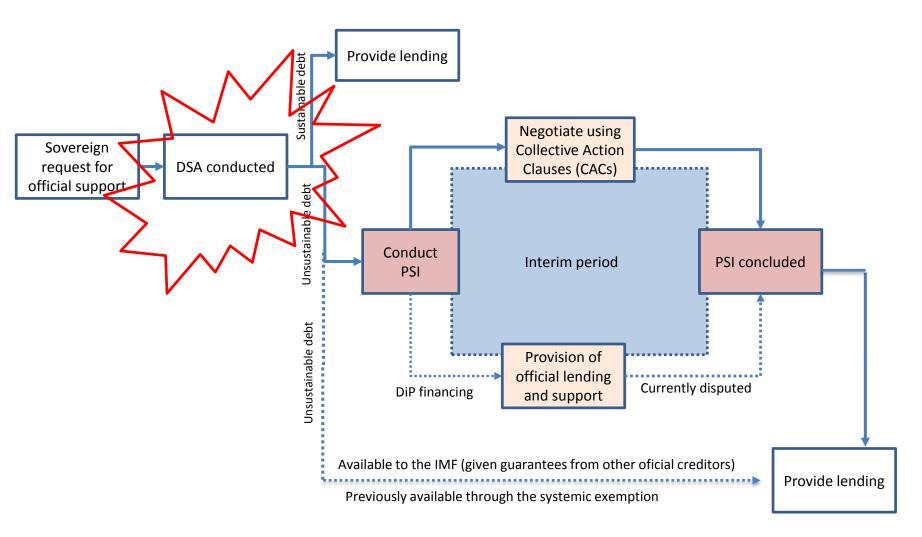








A step back – determining sustainability















A step back – determining sustainability

What is a sustainable debt level?

Ongoing MAC DSA review [vs. muted euro area reaction]

Issues (multiple sources of biases)

How? Technical hurdles (Corsetti 2019)

Judgement (Lang & Presbitero 2018)

Who? Conflicting objectives (Baglioni & Bordignon 2019)

Use the European Fiscal Board





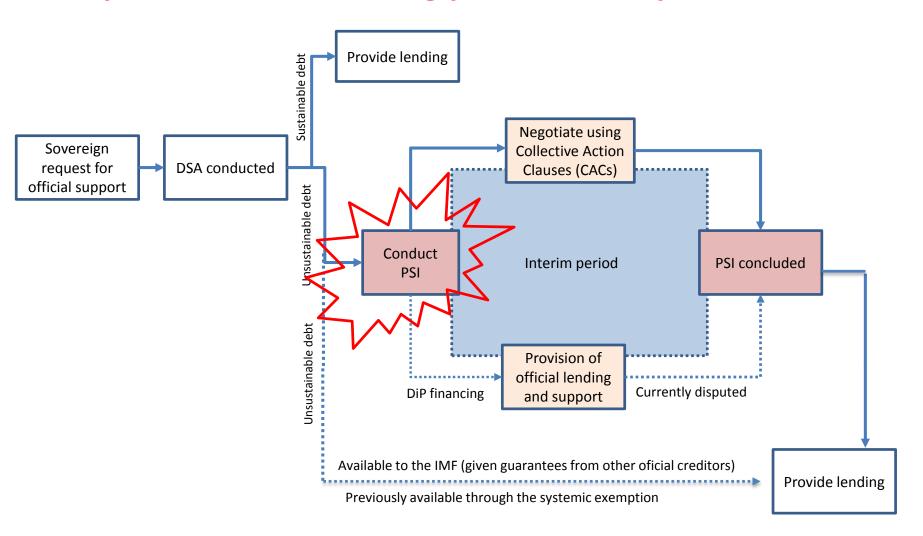








A step back – restructuring policies and spill overs















A step back - restructuring policies and spill overs

When is restructuring the right policy?

Self-interested solidarity (Tirole 2015)

Cross-border costs can be substantial

Time-inconsistency (Schadler, 2013)

IMF's "Systemic Exemption" for Greece Spillover analysis to ex-ante discipline action













To conclude

Setting statutory approach is difficult and could be destabilising

Single-limb CACs are not bullet-proof but if we devise a less bias-prone way to implement the current framework, and avoid that sovereign financing tilts away from CAC-instruments, it is not evident what other reforms are needed

The role of spill overs raises a key question: should the euro area apply the IMF approach or should systemic considerations remain a determining factor? The answer is crucial. Embedding the DSA with a formal way to evaluate spill over costs could help reduce its biases and make restructuring policies more effective















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THANKS!

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